Common Data Set 2004-05 A. GENERAL INFORMATION

A0. Respondent Information (Not for Publication)

Name: Joe Wingo	
Title: Institutional Research Associate for Assessment	
Office: Institutional Research and Assessment	
Mailing Address: 8600 University Boulevard	
City/State/Zip/Country: Evansville, IN 47712	
Phone: (812) 465-7107	
Fax: questions or comments in general. This information will not be publitems:	lished but will help the publishers further refine CDS
Address Information	
Name of College or University: University of Southern Indiana	
Mailing Address: 8600 University Boulevard	
City: Evansville	
State: IN Zip: 47712 Country:	

City:
State: Zip: Country:
Main Phone Number: (812) 464-8600
WWW Home Page Address: www.usi.edu
Admissions Phone Number:

A4. Academic year calendar	
A5. Degrees offered by your i	institution
	B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

Common	Data	Set	200	M_{-}	.05
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professional students	0	0				
Total all un	dergraduates: 9217					
Total all gra	aduate and professional	students: 833				
GRAND TO	OTAL ALL STUDENTS	10050				
B2. Enrolli	ment by Racial/Ethnic	Category. Provide number	ers of un	dergraduate students f	or each of the followi	ng

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category. Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2004. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduate" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2003, to June 30, 2004.

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2004 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 1998 cohort if available. If fall 1998 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 1997 cohort.

Fall 1998 Cohort

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1998. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1998.

B4. Initial 1998 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: 1497

B5.

B4. Initial 1997 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all
students:
B5. Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions:
B6. Final 1997 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 0 (Subtract question B5 from question B4)
B7. Of the initial 1997 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 2001):

B19. Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:
B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:
B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:
2000 Cohort
B12. Initial 2000 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:
B13. Of the initial 2000 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church
missions;total allowable exclusions:
B14. Final 2000 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: 0 (Subtract question B13 from question B12)
B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):

B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years within 150 percent of normal time:

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one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.
Basis for Selection
C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications? If so, check which applies:

SAT and ACT Policies	SAT	and	ACT	Policies
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Note: The SAT I is now called SAT Reasoning or the SAT; SAT II Tests are now called SAT Subject Tests. As of



E. [formerly C8B] Does your institution use the SAT Reasoning or SAT Subject Tests or the ACT for **placement only**? If so, please mark the appropriate boxes below:

F. [formerly C8C] Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission:
Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission:
D. [formerly C8D] If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL chr43kmlAthQremi7(sh)36(2039)536(e412.430.5(5)144(V45)60.ALL;)10(-12.2(e)0Tm0 gcg2.2(ro)-17.8(l)-1/2.2(e)0Tm0 gcg2.2(e)0Tm0 gc

	SAT Verbal	SAT Math
700-800	.60%	.84%
600-699	7.14%	8.4%
500-599	29.27%	31.01%
400-499	47.15%	42.65%
300-399	14.46%	15.9%
200-299	1.38%	1.2%
	100%	100%

ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
1.33%	,	
	ACT Composite 1.33%	

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school gradepoint averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

2.91
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA: 98.3%
Admission Policies
C13. Application fee
Does your institution have an application fee? Ves No
Amount of application fee: \$25
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need? Yes No
C14. Application closing date
Does your institution have an application closing date? Yes No
Application closing date (fall): 8/15
Priority date:
C15. Are first-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall? Yes No
C16. Notification to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)
On a rolling basis beginning (date):

C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?
☐Yes ☑No
If yes, maximum period of postponement:
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? Yes No
C20. Common application: Will you accept the common application distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals if submitted?
Yes No
If "yes,"are supplemental forms required? Ves No
Is your college a member of the Common Application Group?
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and that asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? Yes No
If "yes,"please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date:
First or only early decision plan notification date:
Other early decision plan closing date:
Other early decision plan notification date:
For the Fall 2004 entering class:
Number of early decision applications received by your institution:
Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan:
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:

C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision

Number: 64 Unit type: Credit Hours
D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution:
Number: Unlimited Unit type: Credit Hours
D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree: 15
D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:
D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:
E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES
E1. Special study options: Identify those programs available at your institution. Refer to the glossary for definitions.
☐ Accelerated program
Cooperative (work-study) program Independent study
Cross-registration Internships
☑ Distance learning ☐ Libera0g1oQBT9.75 0 0 9.75 321.78 331.74 Tmt7.7(ce 1)22

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E3. Areas in which all or most students are required to complete some course work prior to graduation:

E4-E8 Library Collections The CDS Publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is fielded.
F. STUDENT LIFE
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in fall 2004 who fit the following categories:
F2. Activities offered Identify those programs available at your institution.
F3. ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)
Army ROTC is offered:

At cooperating institution (name):	
Air Force ROTC is offered:	
On campus	
At cooperating institution (name):	
F4. Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing avainstitution.	ilable for undergraduates at your
G. ANNUAL EXPENSES	
Provide 2005-2006 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories institution.	s that are applicable to your
Check here if your institution's 2005-2006 academic year costs of attendance a provide an approximate date (i.e., month/day) when your institution's final 2005-2006 attendance will be available:	

Comprehensive tuition and room and board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition and room and board fees)
Other:
G2. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition: 15 minimum 15 maximum
G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)?
G4. If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly: bv9(n)38.0.0223 T1(f)42.9.65882 0.6

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts awarded to enrolled full-time and less-than-full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking"undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2003-2004 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2003-2004 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.)

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:



H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional—not external—non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.
H3. Incorporated into H1 above.
H4. Provide the percentage of the 2004 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2003 and June 30, 2004 and borrowed at any time through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; exclude parent

loans). Include only students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution. m gc.17.d

Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens: \$
Process for First-Year/Freshman Students
H7. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
FAFSA
✓ Institution's own financial aid form
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
State aid form
Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement
Business/Farm Supplement
Other:
н8.

Non-need	Need-based	
	Non-need	Non-need Need-based

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2004. Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2004 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part-time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full-time plus 1/3 part-time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in standalone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2004 Student to Faculty ratio: 18.8

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2004 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of *class sections* and *class subsections* offered in Fall 2004. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+"column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29"column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

Category	Diploma/Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 1990 Categories to Include
Agriculture				1 and 2
Ar 732h7 5(.5 lol.5 l44.28 69.75 j6c 69	9.75 ju75294 SCN2tnj1().8(ri)-55.5.28 733.5 m)-5i8	425 ju75294 4s25 2 n	n503.28 .432661.5 IS

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services:

1	positions	:establishr	nent of a peri	nanent referen	ce folder:car	eer resource materials.

Carnegie units:

for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or

First professional certificate (postdegree): An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD),

requirements.

International students: See Nonresident alien.

alien registration card [Form I-5] Tor I-15], a Temporary Resident Card [Form

certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired:

based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based: Non-need institutional grants Non-need tuition waivers Non-need athletic awards Non-need federal grants Non-need state grants Non-need outside grants Non-need student loans Non-need parent loans Non-need work Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not

demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Scholarships/grants from external sources: Monies received from outside (private) sources that the student brings with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.